

CONFUSED ABOUT AAP AND PSEA?

What is AAP?

Accountability to Affected Populations

Accountability to Affected Populations (AAP) is an active commitment to use power responsibly by *'taking account of, giving account to, and being held to account'* by the people humanitarian organisations seek to assist.

What is PSEA?

Protection from Sexual Exploitation and Abuse

PSEA refers to measures taken to prevent and respond to Sexual Exploitation and/or Abuse by those associated with the provision of aid; SEA is one of the most serious breaches of accountability.

Can I see examples of best practice?

What does zero tolerance mean?

What is collective AAP and PSEA? How do we do this?

What's in it for us?

Are we obliged to do this?

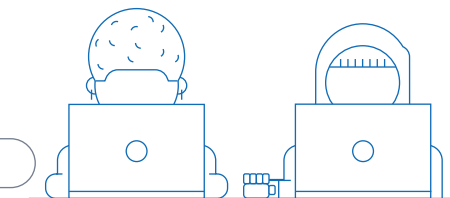
How do I make an AAP framework?

Who should investigate cases of SEA?

How do we deal with sensitive complaints?

How do we set up a complaints mechanism?

What should my organisation be doing around AAP and PSEA?



**The AAP/PSEA Helpdesk
can answer your questions!**

How do I mainstream AAP and PSEA into the project cycle?

Where can we find practical tools?

Who could help facilitate a PSEA workshop in my country?

Why are AAP and PSEA important?

An *'accountable response'* is informed by and adapts to the views, perceptions and needs of affected populations.

An *'accountable aid worker'* uses their power responsibly and upholds the principles set by codes of conduct.

CONTACT: helpdesk-aap-psea@unhcr.org

For any technical support or guidance contact our helpdesk and an expert will get back to you within 48 hours – guaranteed.

YOU CAN ALSO VISIT OUR WEBSITE:

<https://interagencystandingcommittee.org/accountability-affected-populations-including-protection-sexual-exploitation-and-abuse>

The Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC) aims to foster a culture of accountability and protection from sexual exploitation and abuse at all levels of the humanitarian system by encouraging the institutionalisation of AAP and PSEA within humanitarian organisations, including local and national NGOs, International NGOs, The International Red Cross and Red Crescent Movement and UN agencies, and by supporting the operationalisation of AAP and PSEA at a collective level (i.e. response-wide).